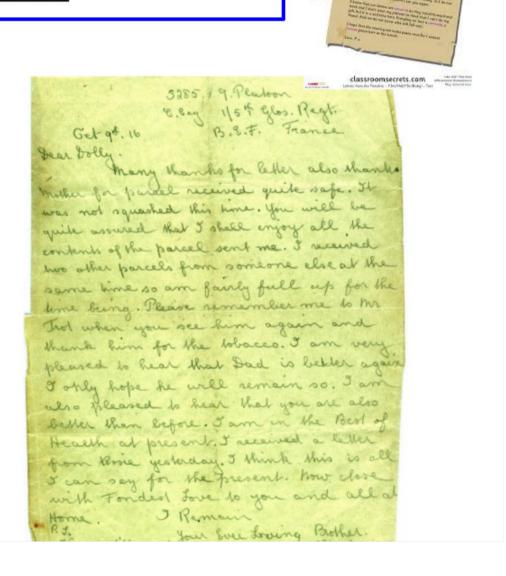
Guided reading week 3

Letters home.

When you joined the armed forces in WW1 you would rarely get home leave (a holiday where you could retrn home for a few days).

This meant that the only way you could communicate with your friends and family was by writing a letter or sending a postcard.

Soldiers wrote lots of letters back to their friends and family, telling them anout events and what was happening



Let's look at a letter sent by a soldier in 1916

B.E.F. France

February 21st 1916

Dear Sir,

I was very pleased indeed to receive a letter from you yesterday, and am glad to hear that Christy is better. He told me he had to return to bed with a fresh cold when I heard from him last - about a fortnight ago. I fear he had a very rough time, although I must confess that many of us envied him when we heard he was in England again, his chest is not strong enough to stand the exposure.

People at home can never realise what it means to be in a narrow trench with mud and water up to our knees and often deeper! The first time we went into the trenches lots of our men got hopelessly stuck in the mud and had to be dragged out by their comrades. I thought it was rather a joke until I experienced the same thing myself. I cannot describe the awful sensation of feeling one's feet sinking deeper and deeper in mud which appeared in some places to be bottomless and to be quite powerless to help oneself! I actually had to be dug out with a spade! We thought more

about the mud than the German bullets - although we got our share of those and quite a brisk shelling at times. However I am glad to say that we have said "Goodbye" to the trenches - for the present at any rate. We have been stationed at a village about 25 miles from the firing line for the past five weeks and past Wednesday we came still further back. We had a march of about 15 miles that day in weather which was by no means ideal. There was quite a gale blowing against us and we were wet through before we got halfway here. However the rain cleared off in the afternoon and our clothes had got nearly dry by the time we reached our new billets.

Trusting this will find Mrs Blathwayt and yourself in the best of health, and thanking you very much for writing.

I remain, Yours Respectfully,

James Hedges

This is a copy of the actual letter he sent.

Ja 14891 & Coy. 12th Gloshus Po. t. J. France Lahuang 24th 1916.

I was very pleased indeed & neerine a letter from you yeakerday, and an glad & Real Rat Princip in little . Se tild me he had had to rebow to bed with a fund told when I know from him last about a fortught ago of few he had a very raigh line, although I much confess that many of no anned him when we haved he was in tragland again this that is not thing enough & What the expresses. I am afraid I have had no Wrilling experiences up to be foresent and to my mind the world front of the business - to begin with at any make - was the augus about of the treveles. Suple at Kone "can

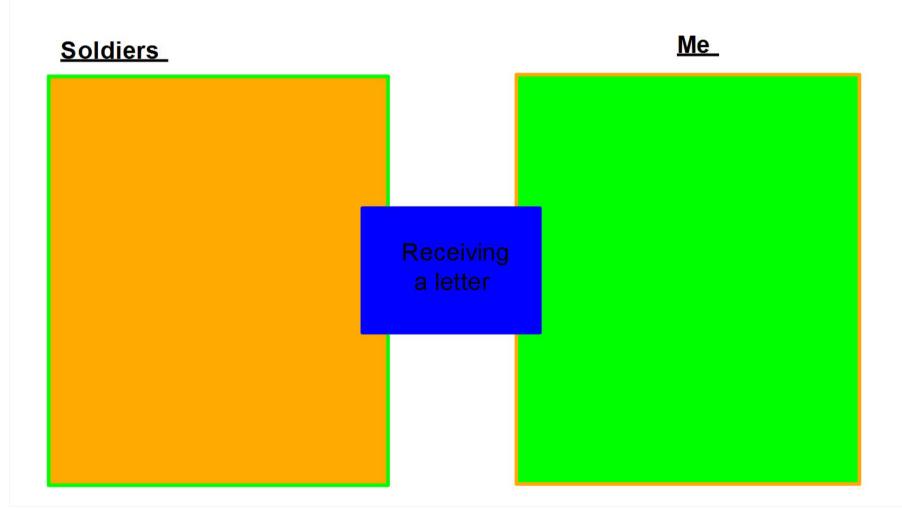
news realize establit means to be in a maron Gerel with round & coulse up to one where & ofthe despot: The first time we went into the trender "It of not me got Refullably slick in the mind or had to be dragged out by this consides. I thought it was when a joke until I experienced the lane thing myself. I cannot describe be auful describes of feeling the feel linking dupor a dupor in and which appeared in some folices to be bottenless or & he quite formerless to Kelforneselfe! & actually had to be due out with a spade! We thought - more about the roud than Bernon buildle - although we got not where of Rose, or give a triot skilling at times. Donouse I am glid To say we have said goodlys to turkles - for the foresent at any wate.

We have been ablituded at a village about 35 wiles from the firing line for the last five souths of last Wednesday we ense till further back. We had a march of about 15 wiles that day in weather which was by no means ideal there was quite a gall bloomy against no or we care well through before we got half way here. However the nain cleared off in the afternoon or an elother had got nearly dry by the time we reached not new billets. I hape this will soon he well enough to get home for a few days, or the will be

ago although I don't think they astured resold Blotte. I see conformery service comes into operation on March and but it cannot affect many in Dyrham-every one from these who firetily could know & lane exhibited. I am filmed to may I have been been ont him & havit were had a cold. The wax seems & drag on, but I hope the end in not for off now or look forward with the time when we shall be all onfully name the time when we shall be all onfully name the look forward the time when we shall be all onfully name the look fire piece again.

Have you ever received a letter?

How did it make you feel when you saw it and then when you opened it?



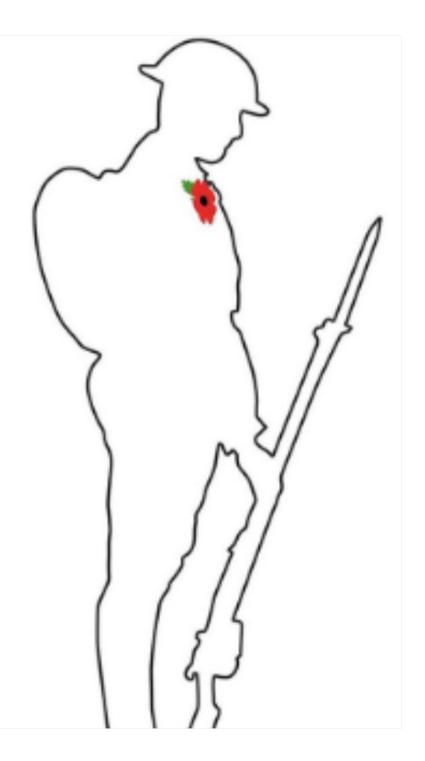
Inside the soldier.

How will the soldier feel when he sends and receives letters?

What sort of feelings will he include in his letters?

Around the soldier

What could the soldier write about?
What would he want to tell his family?
Do you think he will tell his famly everything? Why?



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Vocabulary Model

- 1. What does the word comrades mean in the sentence?
- 2. Which word is a synonym to pulled?
- 3. Give 2 things that the words hopelessly stuck suggests.

Vocabulary

- 1. What does the word billets mean in the sentence?
- 2. Which word is a synonym to brisk?
- 3. Give 2 things that the words powerless suggests.

People at home can never realise what it means to be in a narrow trench with mud and water up to our knees and often deeper! The first time we went into the trenches lots of our men got hopelessly stuck in the mud and had to be dragged out by their comrades. I thought it was rather a joke until I experienced the same thing myself. I cannot describe the awful sensation of feeling one's feet sinking deeper and deeper in mud which appeared in some places to be bottomless and to be quite powerless to help oneself! I actually had to be dug out with a spade! We thought more about the mud than the German bullets - although we got our share of those and quite a brisk shelling at times. However I am glad to say that we have said "Goodbye" to the trenches - for the present at any rate. We have been stationed at a village about 25 miles from the firing line for the past five weeks and past Wednesday we came still further back. We had a march of about 15 miles that day in weather which was by no means ideal. There was quite a gale blowing against us and we were wet through before we got halfway here. However the rain cleared off in the afternoon and our clothes had got nearly dry by the time we reached our new billets.

Retrieval

<u>Model</u>

1. True or false

Men got hopelessly stuck in the mud

The village is 20.5 miles from the firing line.

I had to be dug out with a shovel

Water came up to our knees.

We moved further back on Monday

2. Find and copy a phrase that tells the reader that the soldier did not believe that people were getting stuck in the mud.

1. True or false

We thought more about the German bullets than the mud.

We marched 15 miles in sunny weather.

The soldiers feet sunk deeper and deeper in to the mud

Our clothes dried by the time we got there.

We have said goodbye to the trenches for the moment.

2. Find and copy a phrase that tells the reader that the weather made the march difficult.

People at home can never realise what it means to be in a narrow trench with mud and water up to our knees and often deeper! The first time we went into the trenches lots of our men got hopelessly stuck in the mud and had to be dragged out by their comrades. I thought it was rather a joke until I experienced the same thing myself. I cannot describe the awful sensation of feeling one's feet sinking deeper and deeper in mud which appeared in some places to be bottomless and to be quite powerless to help oneself! I actually had to be dug out with a spade! We thought more about the mud than the German bullets - although we got our share of those and quite a brisk shelling at times. However I am glad to say that we have said "Goodbye" to the trenches - for the present at any rate. We have been stationed at a village about 25 miles from the firing line for the past five weeks and past Wednesday we came still further back. We had a march of about 15 miles that day in weather which was by no means ideal. There was quite a gale blowing against us and we were wet through before we got halfway here. However the rain cleared off in the afternoon and our clothes had got nearly dry by the time we reached our new billets.

Inference

1. I cannot describe the awful sensation of feeling one's feet sinking deeper and deeper in mud which appeared in some places to be bottomless and to be quite powerless to help oneself!

Explain how being in the muddy trenches affected the soldiers. Find evidence in the text.

2. How can you tell that the weather caused the soldiers problems? Find evidence in the text.

<u>Inference</u>

1. However I am glad to say that we have said "Goodbye" to the trenches - for the present at any rate.

Explain how he felt when he knew that they were leaving the trenches. Find evidence in the text

2. Summarise the letter that James sent home. Can you include events and feelings finding evidence in the text?

