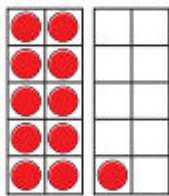
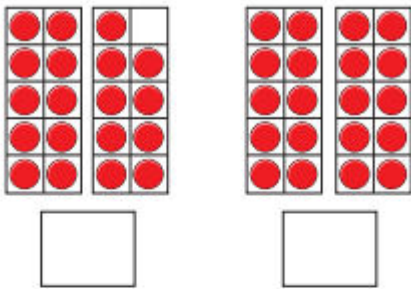


WALT: order numbers using our tens and ones knowledge		SM	PM	TM
B	you can order the numbers to 19 recording them correctly using your tens and ones knowledge			
R	You can use models and images to help you order numbers to 50			
Y	you can independently order numbers and use the symbols < or > to show how you have ordered them			
G	You can use your tens and ones knowledge to order up to 5 or 6 numbers placing the symbols < or > between and solve problems involving number order.			

Red

1 a) What are the numbers?



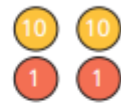
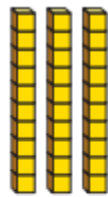
Write the numbers in order.

Start with the smallest number.

smallest

greatest

b) What are the numbers?



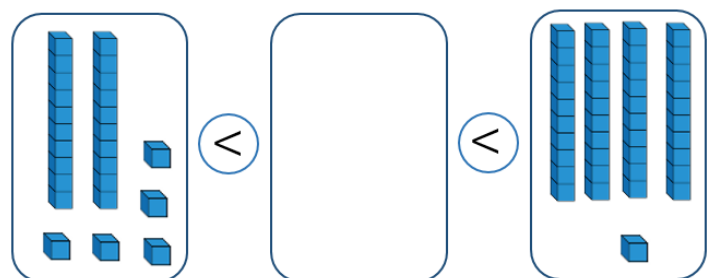
Write the numbers in order.

Start with the smallest number.

smallest

greatest

Find at least 5 different numbers that could complete the statement.



Yellow

2 Write the numbers in order.

Start with the smallest number.

a)



smallest

greatest

b)



smallest

greatest

3 Write the numbers in order.

Start with the greatest number.

Spot the mistake

$$12 > 21 > 33 > 35$$

Can you correct it?

Green

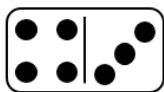
4 Complete the number sentence.

$$2 \text{ tens and } 3 \text{ ones} < \square < \text{forty-one}$$

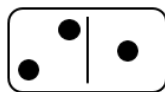
Pick two dominoes to represent two two-digit numbers.

For example,

43



21



Then compare them using $<$, $>$ or $=$

$$43 > 21 \quad 21 < 43$$

Explain how you know.