

## The National Curriculum



# A revised framework for the 'English' National Curriculum 2014

#### The framework includes SIX elements:

- 1. overall school curriculum and
- 2. The statutory National Curriculum for England
- 3. Inclusion
- 4. Numeracy and Mathematics
- 5. Language and literacy
- 6. Revised programmes of study for all the National Curriculum subjects

#### **The National Curriculum - Aims**

The National Curriculum provides pupils with an introduction to the essential knowledge that they need to be educated citizens. It introduces pupils to the best that has been thought and said and helps engender an appreciation of human creativity and achievement.

The National Curriculum provides an outline of core knowledge around which teachers can develop exciting and stimulating lessons to promote the development of pupils' knowledge, understanding and skills as part of the wider school curriculum.

#### **The National Curriculum 2014**

	Key stage 1	Key stage 2	Key stage 3	Key stage 4			
Age	5 – 7	7 – 11	11 – 14	14 – 16			
Year groups	1-2	3-6	7-9	10 – 11			
Core subjects							
English 11 '.	$\checkmark$	✓	✓	✓			
Mathematics	✓	✓	✓	✓			
Science	✓	✓	✓	✓			
Foundation subjects							
Art and design	✓	✓	✓				
Citizenship			✓	✓			
Computing	✓	✓	✓	✓			
Design and technology	✓	✓	✓				
Languages		✓	✓				
		Any Foreign Lang	Modern Foreign Lang				
Geography	✓	✓	✓				
History	✓	✓	✓				
Music	✓	✓	✓				
Physical education	✓	✓	✓	✓			

#### SEGMENTING - YEARS AND KEY STAGES

- The single year blocks at key stage 1 reflect the rapid pace of development during these two years.
- Schools are only required to teach the relevant programme of study by the end of the key stage.
- Within each key stage, <u>schools have the flexibility</u> to introduce content earlier or later than set out in the programme of study.
- Schools can introduce key stage content during an earlier key stage if appropriate.
- All schools are also required to set out their school curriculum a year-by-year basis and make this information available online.

#### **The School Curriculum**

The school curriculum comprises all learning and other experiences that each school plans for its pupils. The national curriculum forms one part of the school curriculum.



The National Curriculum is just one element in the education of every child. There is time and space in the school day and in each week, term and year to range beyond The National Curriculum specifications.

#### **School Curriculum**

Schools will still be able to provide and make decisions about a broad and balanced whole-school curriculum. To facilitate this, the National Curriculum does not aim to absorb all of the teaching time in schools.

- •Every state-funded school must offer a curriculum which is balanced and broadly based and which: promotes the spiritual, moral, cultural, mental and physical development of pupils at the school and of society, and prepares pupils at the school for the opportunities, responsibilities and experiences of later life.
- •All state schools are also required to make provision for a daily act of collective worship and must teach religious education to pupils at every key stage.
- •All schools must publish their school curriculum by subject and academic year online.
- •All schools should make provision for personal, social, health and economic education (PSHE), drawing on good practice. Schools are also free to include other subjects or topics of their choice in planning and designing their own programme of education.

## Additional Things Mentioned but Without Guidelines in the National Curriculum

	Key stage 1	Key stage 2	Key stage 3	Key stage 4
Age	5 – 7	7 – 11	11 – 14	14 – 16
Year groups	1 – 2	3 – 6	7 – 9	10 – 11
Religious education	✓	✓	✓	✓
Daily Collective Worship	<b>√</b>	✓	✓	✓
Sex education	No	No	✓	✓
SMSC	✓	✓	✓	✓
PSHE Relationship Education	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	✓

#### What schools control:

- Teaching methods and pedagogy
- Teaching content additional to National Curriculum
- Organisation of the curriculum
- The daily time-table
- The teaching hours in a week
- The time given to each subject
- The length of each lesson
- The organisation of teaching groups
- Inclusion SEND
- The resources for learning
- Assessment and testing other than National Tests

#### **Teachers Freedoms:**

- Be creative in content and design
- Connect with learners
- Fun and enjoyment
- Investigation and exploration
- Visits and visitors
- Themes and topics



articulating drama word reading Spoken Reading Language phonics Standard English listening comprehension responding Programmes of Study: strong command KS1 – year by year love of literature of the written KS2 – two yearly reading for pleasure and spoken word English composition Spelling, Vocabulary, Writing Grammar and transcription **Punctuation** 

number

geometry

measurement

fluent in basics of maths

reasoning mathematically

### Mathematics

statistics

solve problems by applying mathematical knowledge

ratio and proportion

algebra

scientific knowledge and conceptual understanding

nature processes and methods of science

## Science

Programmes of Study:

KS1 and KS2 – yearly but working scientifically – 2 yrly

spoken language and scientific vocabulary computer science

how digital systems work

## Computing

becoming digitally literate

programming

creating programmes and systems

## History

people's lives

ancient civilisations

historical terms and concepts

significant aspects of wider world

coherent, chronological narrative

methods of historical enquiry

Britain's influence and how it has been influenced

historical perspectives

globally significant places processes leading to physical and human features

## Geography

curiosity and fascination about the world and its people

geographical skills

## Art and Design

engage inspire challenge

knowledge and skills

drawing painting sculpture other ....

experiment invent create

# Design Technology

creativity imagination

different contexts

to solve problems

considering needs

### Music

love of music

talent as musicians

critical engagement

compose

listen

confidence

creativity

## Languages

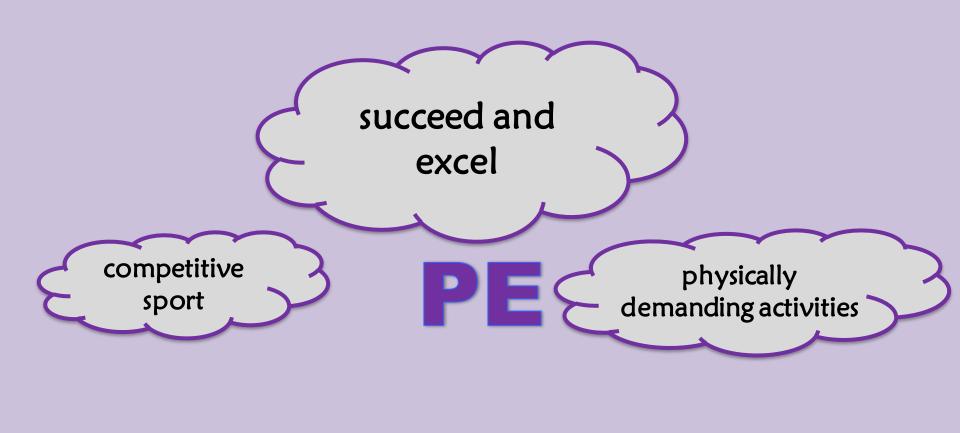
modern or ancient

expressing ideas and thoughts

understanding and responding

speech

writing



physical confidence

health and fitness

# A curriculum for the future...

